



Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.Tech. Degree Examination, October 2011
PT.10.104/ 08.305 : DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN (RF)
(2008 Scheme)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART – A

Answer **all** questions.

1. What is meant by unweighted code ? Give an example.
2. Explain the two types of complements of a base-r number system.
3. Convert the following numbers of decimal equivalent :
 - a) $(121210.1210)_3$
 - b) $(BCE.AC)_{15}$
 - c) $(4321.4120)_5$
 - d) $(7543.017)_8$.
4. Differentiate between minterm form and maxterm form of a boolean function.
5. Explain the working of a 4×1 Multiplexer.
6. Draw the circuit diagram of a Full-Adder with 2-Half adders and an OR gate. Give the output expressions also.
7. Simplify the following boolean function as sum of products using k-map.
 $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6)$
 $d = \sum (3, 7, 14, 15)$ (don't cares)
8. Explain the working of D-Flip-Flop ?
9. Differentiate between sequential and combinational circuits.
10. Write notes on universal shift registers.

(10×4=40 Marks)



PART – B

Answer **any one** from **each** Module.

Module – I

11. Subtract the following numbers using both r 's complement and $(r-1)$'s complement method of subtraction.

i) $(10101.110)_2 - (1101.10)_2$

ii) $(66)_8 - (675)_8$

iii) $(ABC1.186)_{16} - (AB7.75)_{16}$

iv) $(9873.6)_{BCD} - (75.15)_{BCD}$

20

OR

12. a) Perform the following operations

i) 1110.1101×110.11

ii) $110110.110 / 101$

iii) $11011.1010 - 10111.10$ (Using Direct Method)

iv) $110110.0101 + 11010.1101$

8

b) Explain the procedure for subtraction of two numbers using $(r-1)$'s complement method of addition. Give two examples.

12

Module – II

13. a) Obtain the simplified expression in product of sum using k-map.

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Pi(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11).$$

5

b) Convert the following to the other canonical form.

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(0, 2, 6, 11, 13, 14).$$

5

c) Design a 4-bit Magnitude Comparator.

10

OR



14. a) Design a BCD-Decimal decoder. 10

b) Simplify the following boolean function using Quine-McClusky Method.

$$F(A, B, C, D, E) = B'DE' + A'BE + B'C'E' + A'BC'D'$$

$$d = BDE' + CD'E' 10$$

[d → don't cares).

Module – III

15. Design a 4-bit up-down Binary Counter. 20

OR

16. a) Explain the working of a Master-Slave JK-flipflop. 10

b) Discuss the operation of a 4-bit shift register using D-flipflop. 10
